

## FUNCTIONS TEST – 4º ESO

**Exercise 1:** (2.75 ptos) Find the domain of the following functions:

a)  $f(x) = \frac{7x+4}{x^2 - 25} \rightarrow \text{Dom } f = \mathbb{R} - \{\pm 5\}$  (0.5)

b)  $f(x) = \sqrt[4]{9-x^2} \rightarrow \text{Dom } f = [-3, 3]$  (0.75)

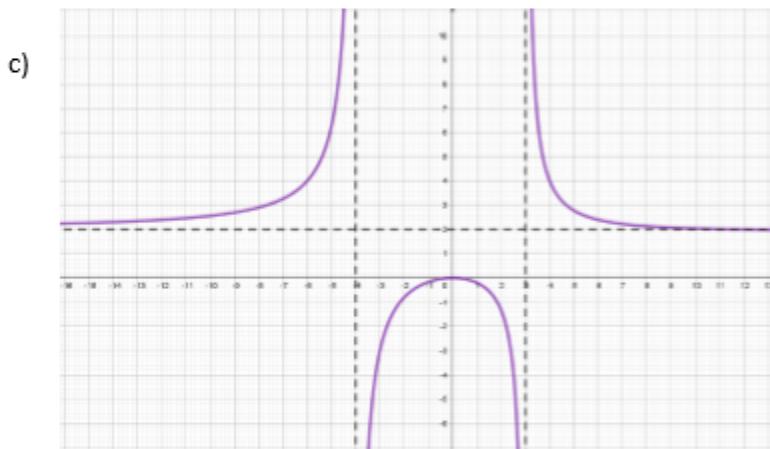
c)  $f(x) = \frac{\sqrt{x+3}}{x^2 - 16} \rightarrow \text{Dom } f = [-3, 4) \cup (4, +\infty)$  (0.75)

d)  $f(x) = \frac{x^2 - 49}{\sqrt{x^2 - 4x + 3}} \rightarrow \text{Dom } f = (-\infty, 1) \cup (3, +\infty)$  (0.75)

**Exercise 2:** (2.25 ptos) Find the asymptotes of the following functions:

a)  $f(x) = \frac{3x^2 + 4x}{x^2 - 6x - 7} \rightarrow \begin{cases} \text{HA} & [y = 3] \\ \text{VA} & [x = -1] \quad [x = 7] \end{cases}$

b)  $f(x) = \frac{7}{5x - 2} \rightarrow \begin{cases} \text{HA} & [y = 0] \\ \text{VA} & [x = 2/5] \end{cases}$



$$\begin{cases} \text{HA} & [y = 2] \\ \text{VA} & [x = -4] \quad [x = 3] \end{cases}$$

**Exercise 3:** (3 ptos) Work out:

a)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{x^2 - 9}{x^2 + 2x - 15} = \frac{3}{4}$  (0.5)

b)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{5x - 8}{x^2 - 25} = 0$  (0.25)

c)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \left( 3x - \frac{3x^2 - 7x}{x + 2} \right) = 13$  (0.75)

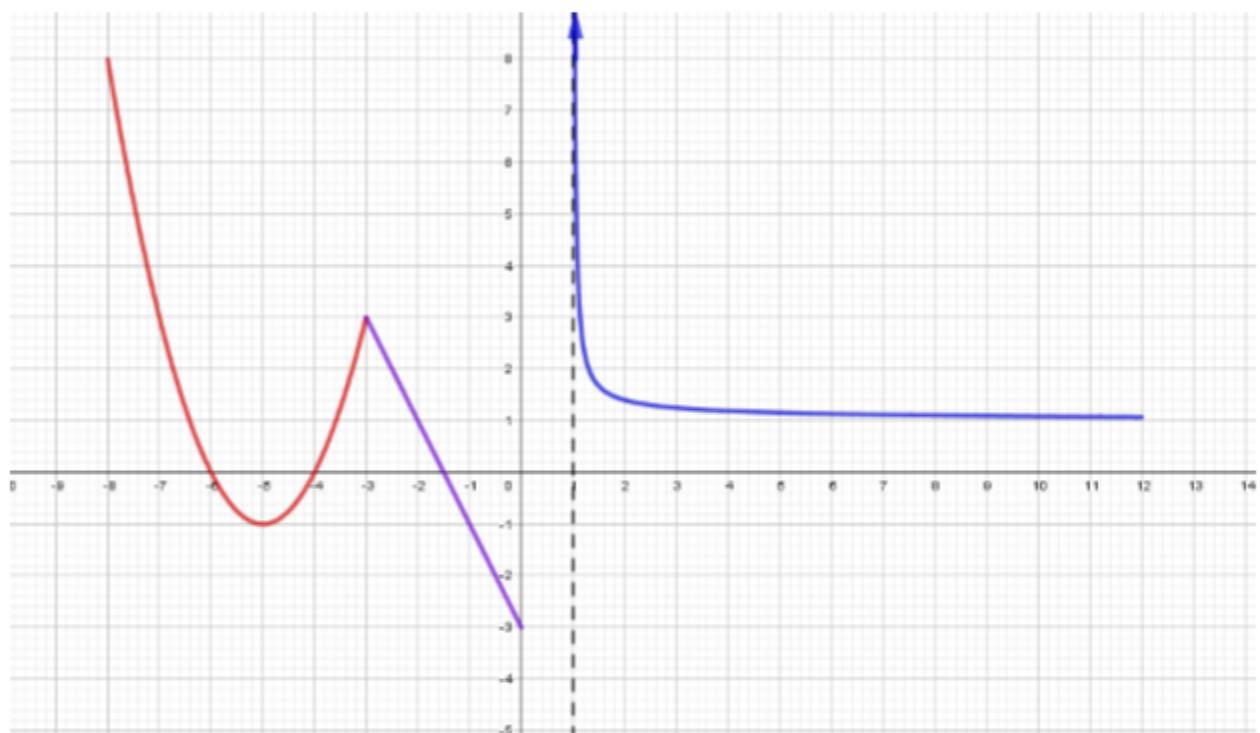


$$d) \lim_{x \rightarrow -2} \frac{7x}{x+2} = \cancel{\text{D}} \quad (0.75)$$

$$e) \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{7x-4}{3x-2} = \frac{7}{3} \quad (0.25)$$

$$f) \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x-3}{x^2-2x+1} = -\infty \quad (0.5)$$

**Exercise 4: (2 ptos)** Given the following graph of a certain function (the distance between consecutive marks in the axes is one):



a) Indicate the domain and the image

$$\text{Dom } f = [-8, 0] \cup (1, 12] \quad \text{Im } f = [-3, +\infty)$$

b) Indicate the points where the function crosses the axes

$$\underline{OX} \quad x = -6 \quad x = -4 \quad x = -1.5 \quad \underline{OY} \quad y = -3$$

c) Study the monotony

Increases:  $(-5, -3)$

Decreases:  $(-8, -5) \cup (-3, 0) \cup (1, 12)$

d) Indicate the relative and absolute extrema

Relative minima:  $x = -5, \quad x = 0, \quad x = 12$

Absolute minimum:  $x = 0$

Relative maxima:  $x = -8, \quad x = -3$

Absolute maximum:  $\cancel{\text{D}}$

